ONE HUNDREDTH DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Friday, May 18, 2018

The Senate met at 9:00 a.m. and was called to order by the President.

RECESS

Senator Gazelka moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Gazelka imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Pastor Mike Smith.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators answered to their names:

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

9300

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MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following Senate Files, herewith returned: S.F. Nos. 3326 and 3168.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned May 17, 2018

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Gazelka moved that the Committee Report at the Desk be now adopted. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gazelka, from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 3202 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found not identical with companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS		CONSENT CALENDAR		CALENDAR	
H.F. No.	S.F. No.	H.F. No.	S.F. No.	H.F. No.	S.F. No.
3202	2892				

Pursuant to Rule 45, the Committee on Rules and Administration recommends that H.F. No. 3202 be amended as follows:

Delete all the language after the enacting clause of H.F. No. 3202, the second engrossment; and insert the language after the enacting clause of S.F. No. 2892, the first engrossment; further, delete the title of H.F. No. 3202, the second engrossment; and insert the title of S.F. No. 2892, the first engrossment.

And when so amended H.F. No. 3202 will be identical to S.F. No. 2892, and further recommends that H.F. No. 3202 be given its second reading and substituted for S.F. No. 2892, and that the Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 45, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H.F. No. 3202 was read the second time.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 2018

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time.

Senators Westrom, Draheim, Johnson, Lang, and Chamberlain introduced--

S.F. No. 4099: A bill for an act relating to human services; expanding legal nonlicensed providers; amending Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 245A.03, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Human Services Reform Finance and Policy.

Senators Goggin, Mathews, Utke, Ingebrigtsen, and Anderson, B. introduced--

S.F. No. 4100: A bill for an act relating to human services; expanding legal nonlicensed providers; amending Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 245A.03, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Human Services Reform Finance and Policy.

Senators Wiklund, Kent, Pratt, and Wiger introduced--

S.F. No. 4101: A bill for an act relating to children; establishing a Children's Cabinet working group on early childhood programs.

Referred to the Committee on E-12 Policy.

Senator Cwodzinski introduced--

S.F. No. 4102: A bill for an act relating to courts; requesting creation of a task force to assess expanding use of audio and audio-visual recording of court proceedings.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy.

Senator Cwodzinski introduced--

S.F. No. 4103: A bill for an act relating to education finance; authorizing certain community service fund transfers.

Referred to the Committee on E-12 Finance.

Senators Limmer, Latz, Hall, and Newman introduced--

S.F. No. 4104: A bill for an act relating to public safety; establishing a permanent and philosophically balanced task force to advise the legislature on DWI issues; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 169A.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety Finance and Policy.

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Senators Anderson, B. and Eichorn introduced--

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S.F. No. 4105: A resolution memorializing Congress to call a convention to propose amendments to the United States Constitution to impose fiscal constraints on the federal government, limit the power and jurisdiction of the federal government, and limit the terms of office for its officials and for members of Congress.

Referred to the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy and Elections.

Senators Nelson, Torres Ray, Pratt, Wiklund, and Weber introduced--

S.F. No. 4106: A bill for an act relating to education; establishing a legislative study group on early childhood education programs.

Referred to the Committee on E-12 Policy.

Senators Wiger, Dziedzic, Kent, Klein, and Pappas introduced--

S.F. No. 4107: A bill for an act relating to education; prohibiting graduation fees; requiring a report on school district fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 123B.37, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on E-12 Policy.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Senator Utke moved that the name of Senator Goggin be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3420. The motion prevailed.

Senator Housley moved that the name of Senator Dziedzic be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4019. The motion prevailed.

Senator Pratt introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 262: A Senate resolution honoring Kelly Holstine on being named Minnesota's 2018 Teacher of the Year.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 263: A Senate resolution congratulating Grant Leshovsky of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 264: A Senate resolution congratulating Cameron Lunde of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

9303

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 265: A Senate resolution congratulating Julian Wilkie of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 266: A Senate resolution congratulating Brady Fenske of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 267: A Senate resolution congratulating Rem Jacobson of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced ---

Senate Resolution No. 268: A Senate resolution congratulating Blake Tuckner of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 269: A Senate resolution congratulating Marshall Ness of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Eken introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 270: A Senate resolution congratulating Connor Ness of Hawley, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Anderson, B. introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 271: A Senate resolution congratulating Collin Ryks of Montrose, Minnesota, for receiving the Eagle Award.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senators Gazelka and Bakk introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 272: A Senate resolution relating to conduct of Senate business during the interim between Sessions.

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate of the State of Minnesota:

The powers, duties, and procedures set forth in this resolution apply during the interim between the adjournment sine die of the 90th Legislature, 2018 Session, and the convening of the 91st Legislature, 2019 Session.

The Committee on Rules and Administration may, from time to time, assign to the various committees and subcommittees of the Senate, in the interim, matters brought to its attention by any member of the Senate for study and investigation. The standing committees and subcommittees may study and investigate all subjects that come within their usual jurisdiction, as provided by Minnesota Statutes, Section 3.921. The standing committees may take action as provided by Minnesota Statutes, Section 14.126. A committee shall carry on its work by subcommittee or by committee action as the committee from time to time determines. Any study undertaken by any of the standing committees, or any subcommittee thereof, shall be coordinated to the greatest extent possible with other standing committee or subcommittees of the Senate and House of Representatives, and may, if the committee of the Senate or House of Representatives.

The Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration shall appoint persons as necessary to fill any vacancies that may occur in committees, commissions, and other bodies whose members are to be appointed by the Senate authorized by rule, statute, resolution, or otherwise. The Subcommittee on Committees may appoint members of the Senate to assist in the work of any committee.

The Committee on Rules and Administration shall establish positions, set compensation and benefits, appoint employees, and authorize expense reimbursement as it deems proper to carry out the work of the Senate.

The Committee on Rules and Administration may authorize members of the Senate and personnel employed by the Senate to travel and to attend courses of instruction or conferences for the purpose of improving and making more efficient Senate operation and may reimburse these persons for the costs thereof out of monies appropriated to the Senate.

All members of activated standing committees or subcommittees of the Senate, and staff, shall be reimbursed for all expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties during the interim in the manner provided by law. Payment shall be made by the Secretary of the Senate out of monies appropriated to the Senate for the standing committees. The Committee on Rules and Administration shall determine the amount and manner of reimbursement for living and other expenses of each member of the Senate incurred in the performance of Senate duties when the Legislature is not in regular session.

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The Secretary of the Senate shall continue to perform his duties during the interim. During the interim, but not including time which may be spent in any special session, the Secretary of the Senate shall be paid for services rendered the Senate at the rate established for his position for the 2018 regular session, unless otherwise directed by the Committee on Rules and Administration, plus travel and subsistence expense incurred incidental to his Senate duties, including salary and travel expense incurred in attending meetings of the National Conference of State Legislatures.

Should a vacancy occur in the position of Secretary of the Senate, by resignation or other causes, the Committee on Rules and Administration shall appoint an acting Secretary of the Senate who shall serve in that capacity during the remainder of the interim under the provisions herein specified.

The Secretary of the Senate is authorized to employ after the close of the session the employees necessary to finish the business of the Senate at the salaries paid under the rules of the Senate for the 2018 regular session. The Secretary of the Senate is authorized to employ the necessary employees to prepare for the 2019 session at the salaries in effect at that time.

The Secretary of the Senate shall classify as eligible for benefits under Minnesota Statutes, Sections 3.095 and 43A.24, those Senate employees heretofore or hereafter certified as eligible for benefits by the Committee on Rules and Administration.

The Secretary of the Senate, as authorized and directed by the Committee on Rules and Administration, shall furnish each member of the Senate with postage and supplies, and upon proper verification of the expenses incurred, shall reimburse each member for expenses as authorized from time to time by the Committee on Rules and Administration.

The Secretary of the Senate shall correct and approve the Journal of the Senate for those days that have not been corrected and approved by the Senate, and shall correct printing errors found in the Journal of the Senate for the 90th Legislature. The Secretary of the Senate may include in the Senate Journal proceedings of the last day, appointments by the Subcommittee on Committees to interim commissions created by legislative action, permanent commissions or committees established by statute, standing committees, official communications and other matters of record received on or after adjournment sine die.

The Secretary of the Senate may pay election and litigation costs as authorized by the Committee on Rules and Administration.

The Secretary of the Senate, with the approval of the Committee on Rules and Administration, shall secure bids and enter into contracts for the printing of the bills and binding of the permanent Senate Journal, shall secure bids and enter into contracts for remodeling, improvement and furnishing of Senate office space, conference rooms and the Senate Chamber and shall purchase all supplies, equipment and other goods and services necessary to carry out the work of the Senate. Any contracts in excess of \$10,000 shall be approved by the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration and another member designated by the chair.

The Secretary of the Senate shall draw warrants from the legislative expense fund in payment of the accounts herein referred to.

All Senate records, including committee books, are subject to the direction of the Committee on Rules and Administration.

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The Senate Chamber, retiring room, committee rooms, all conference rooms, storage rooms, Secretary of the Senate's office, Rules and Administration office, and any and all other space assigned to the Senate shall be reserved for use by the Senate and its standing committees only and shall not be released or used for any other purpose except upon authorization of the Secretary of the Senate with the approval of the Committee on Rules and Administration, or the Chair thereof.

The commissioner of administration shall continue to provide parking space through the Secretary of the Senate for members and staff of the Minnesota State Senate. The Secretary of the Senate may deduct from the check of any legislator or legislative employee a sum adequate to cover the exercise of the parking privilege herein defined in conformity with the practice of the Department of Administration.

Senator Gazelka moved the adoption of the foregoing resolution.

The question was taken on the adoption of the resolution.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 54 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

The motion prevailed. So the resolution was adopted.

Senators Gazelka and Bakk introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 273: A Senate resolution commemorating the lives and work of deceased Senators.

The Honorable James Metzen, 1987-2016	The Honorable Clarence Purfeerst, 1971-1990		
The Honorable Wendell Anderson, 1963-1970	The Honorable Earl Gustafson, 1971-1972		
The Honorable George Conzemius, 1967-1976	The Honorable Harold Kalina, 1955-1972		
The Honorable Jerome Gunderson, 1977-1980	The Honorable Don Moe, 1981-1990		
The Honorable Tony Perpich, 1967-1976	The Honorable Gerald Willet, 1971-1987		
The Honorable Robert Dunn, 1973-1980	The Honorable Lyle Mehrkens, 1983-1992		
The Honorable Carl Kroening, 1981-1996	The Honorable Fred Kelton Gage, Jr., 1967-1972		
The Honorable Emily Anne Staples Tuttle, 1977-1980			

WHEREAS, those in public office need an uncommon dedication to meet the demands upon their time, resources, and talents; and

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WHEREAS, in the history of the Minnesota Senate, there have been countless Senators who have left a heritage of noble deeds, thoughts, and acts; and

WHEREAS, in their endeavors to legislate for the public good of this state, they strove to represent fairly the rights of the people; and

WHEREAS, their spirits continually challenge, enlighten, and encourage those who remain to honestly and diligently exercise the work of the government for the public good; and

WHEREAS, Senators of today take courage and inspiration from those noble servants of another time who believed it was better to serve than to be served; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the State of Minnesota that it recognizes the tremendous contributions of the following deceased Senators: the Honorable James Metzen, 1987-2016, the Honorable Wendell Anderson, 1963-1970, the Honorable Harold Kalina, 1955-1972, the Honorable Jerome Gunderson, 1977-1980, the Honorable Tony Perpich, 1967-1976, the Honorable Robert Dunn, 1973-1980, the Honorable Carl Kroening, 1981-1996, the Honorable Gerald Willet, 1971-1987, the Honorable Clarence Purfeerst, 1971-1990, the Honorable Fred Kelton Gage, Jr., 1967-1972, the Honorable George Conzemius, 1967-1976, the Honorable Don Moe, 1981-1990, the Honorable Emily Anne Staples Tuttle, 1977-1980, the Honorable Lyle Mehrkens, 1983-1992, the Honorable Earl Gustafson, 1971-1972. Their dedication to the public good is a source of inspiration to, and is worthy of emulation by, their present-day colleagues.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate is directed to prepare an enrolled copy of this resolution, to be authenticated by the Secretary's signature and that of the Chair of the Senate Rules and Administration Committee, and transmit it to appropriate relatives of those commemorated by this resolution.

Senator Gazelka moved the adoption of the foregoing resolution. The motion prevailed. So the resolution was adopted.

The members of the Senate paused to offer a moment of silence in memory of the deceased Senators.

Senator Gazelka moved that H.F. No. 3463 be taken from the table and given a second reading. The motion prevailed.

H.F. No. 3463: A bill for an act relating to motor vehicles; modifying various provisions governing motor vehicle titling and registration; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 80E.13; 168.013, subdivision 6; 168.27, by adding subdivisions; 168.301, subdivision 3; 168.33, subdivision 8a; 168.346, subdivision 1; 168A.12, subdivision 2; 168A.17, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 168.013, subdivision 1a; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 168A.

H.F. No. 3463 was read the second time.

Senator Gazelka moved that H.F. No. 3463 be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

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Senator Gazelka moved that H.F. No. 3610 be taken from the table and given a second reading. The motion prevailed.

H.F. No. 3610: A bill for an act relating to public safety; enhancing the penalty for assaulting a police officer; criminalizing the dissemination of personal information about law enforcement officials in certain circumstances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2231, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609.

H.F. No. 3610 was read the second time.

Senator Gazelka moved that H.F. No. 3610 be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

Senator Gazelka moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Miller imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Messages From the House.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House refuses to concur in the Senate amendments to House File No. 3422:

H.F. No. 3422: A bill for an act relating to game and fish; modifying bait and equipment requirements for infested waters; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 97C.345, subdivision 3a; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 84D.03, subdivisions 3, 4.

The House respectfully requests that a Conference Committee of 5 members be appointed thereon.

Fabian, Lueck, Layman, Metsa and Ecklund have been appointed as such committee on the part of the House.

House File No. 3422 is herewith transmitted to the Senate with the request that the Senate appoint a like committee.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted May 18, 2018

Senator Ingebrigtsen moved that the Senate accede to the request of the House for a Conference Committee on H.F. No. 3422, and that a Conference Committee of 5 members be appointed by the Subcommittee on Conference Committees on the part of the Senate, to act with a like Conference Committee appointed on the part of the House. The motion prevailed.

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has adopted the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee on House File No. 3232, and repassed said bill in accordance with the report of the Committee, so adopted.

House File No. 3232 is herewith transmitted to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted May 18, 2018

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 3232

A bill for an act relating to energy; modifying the solar energy incentive program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 116C.7792; 216B.1691, subdivision 2f.

May 16, 2018

The Honorable Kurt L. Daudt Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 3232 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment.

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: Marion O'Neill, Nolan West, Cal Bahr

Senate Conferees: David J. Osmek, Andrew Mathews, John Marty

Senator Osmek moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on H.F. No. 3232 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

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H.F. No. 3232 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 61 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, B.	Eaton	Isaacson	Marty	Simonson
Anderson, P.	Eichorn	Jasinski	Mathews	Sparks
Benson	Fischbach	Johnson	Miller	Tomassoni
Bigham	Franzen	Kent	Nelson	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Frentz	Kiffmeyer	Newman	Utke
Champion	Gazelka	Klein	Newton	Weber
Clausen	Goggin	Koran	Osmek	Westrom
Cohen	Hall	Laine	Pappas	Wiger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Lang	Pratt	Wiklund
Dahms	Hayden	Latz	Relph	
Dibble	Hoffman	Limmer	Rest	
Draheim	Housley	Little	Rosen	
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Lourey	Ruud	

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE - CONTINUED

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following Senate File, AS AMENDED by the House, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is respectfully requested:

S.F. No. 3673: A bill for an act relating to human services; modifying provisions relating to discharge from civil commitment for persons committed as mentally ill and dangerous, sexually dangerous, or persons with a sexual psychopathic personality; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 253B.18, subdivision 15; 253D.31.

Senate File No. 3673 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned May 18, 2018

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Senator Limmer moved that the Senate concur in the amendments by the House to S.F. No. 3673 and that the bill be placed on its repassage as amended. The motion prevailed.

S.F. No. 3673 was read the third time, as amended by the House, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 64 and nays 0, as follows:

Abeler	Draheim	Hoffman	Limmer	Rest
Anderson, B.	Dziedzic	Housley	Little	Rosen
Anderson, P.	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Lourey	Ruud
Benson	Eichorn	Isaacson	Marty	Simonson
Bigham	Eken	Jasinski	Mathews	Sparks
Carlson	Fischbach	Johnson	Miller	Tomassoni
Chamberlain	Franzen	Kent	Nelson	Torres Ray
Champion	Frentz	Kiffmeyer	Newman	Utke
Clausen	Gazelka	Klein	Newton	Weber
Cohen	Goggin	Koran	Osmek	Westrom
Cwodzinski	Hall	Laine	Pappas	Wiger
Dahms	Hawj	Lang	Pratt	Wiklund
Dibble	Hayden	Latz	Relph	

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

So the bill, as amended, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

S.F. No. 2809 and the Conference Committee Report thereon were reported to the Senate.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S.F. No. 2809

A bill for an act relating to the Metropolitan Council; modifying governance of the Metropolitan Council; eliminating the Transportation Advisory Board; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 3.8841, subdivision 9; 473.123; 473.146, subdivisions 3, 4; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 15A.0815, subdivision 3; repealing Laws 1994, chapter 628, article 1, section 8.

May 18, 2018

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

The Honorable Kurt L. Daudt Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S.F. No. 2809 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S.F. No. 2809 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 3.8841, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **Powers; duties; Metropolitan Council appointments oversight.** The commission must monitor appointments to the Metropolitan Council and may make recommendations on appointments to the nominating committee under section 473.123, subdivision 3, or to the governor before the governor makes the appointments to the appropriate appointing authority as described in

section 473.123. The commission may also make recommendations to the senate before appointments are presented the governor's appointment is presented to the senate for its advice and consent.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 15A.0815, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Group II salary limits.** The salary for a position listed in this subdivision shall not exceed 120 percent of the salary of the governor. This limit must be adjusted annually on January 1. The new limit must equal the limit for the prior year increased by the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers from October of the second prior year to October of the immediately prior year. The commissioner of management and budget must publish the limit on the department's Web site. This subdivision applies to the following positions:

Executive director of Gambling Control Board;

Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation;

Commissioner, Bureau of Mediation Services;

Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities;

Chair, Metropolitan Council;

School trust lands director;

Executive director of pari-mutuel racing; and

Commissioner, Public Utilities Commission.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2019.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 473.123, is amended to read:

473.123 METROPOLITAN COUNCIL.

Subdivision 1. **Creation:** membership. (a) A Metropolitan Council with jurisdiction in the metropolitan area is established as a public corporation and political subdivision of the state. It shall be under the supervision and control of 17 a chair appointed as provided in subdivision 4, and 28 members, all of whom shall be residents of the metropolitan area- and who shall be appointed as follows:

(1) a county commissioner from each of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington Counties, appointed by the respective county boards;

(2) two county commissioners from Hennepin County appointed by the county board, one of whom must represent a ward that is predominantly located within the city of Minneapolis, and one of whom must represent a ward that does not include the city of Minneapolis;

(3) a local elected official appointed from each Metropolitan Council district by the municipal committee for the council district established in subdivision 2b;

(4) the commissioner of transportation or the commissioner's designee;

(5) one person to represent nonmotorized transportation, appointed by the commissioner of transportation;

(6) one person to represent freight transportation, appointed by the commissioner of transportation; and

(7) one person to represent public transit, appointed by the commissioner of transportation.

(b) The local elected offices identified in paragraph (a) are compatible with the office of a Metropolitan Council member.

(c) Notwithstanding any change to the definition of metropolitan area in section 473.121, subdivision 2, the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Council is limited to the seven-county metropolitan area.

Subd. 2a. Terms. (a) Following each apportionment of council districts, as provided under subdivision 3a, council members must be appointed from newly drawn districts as provided in subdivision 3a. Each council member, other than the chair, must reside in the council district represented. Each council district must be represented by one member of the council. The terms of members end with the term of the governor, except that all terms expire on the effective date of the next apportionment. A member serves at the pleasure of the governor. the municipal committee for each council district shall appoint a local elected official who resides in the district to serve on the Metropolitan Council for a four-year term. The terms of members appointed by municipal committees are staggered as follows: members representing an odd-numbered district have terms ending the first Monday in January of the year ending in the numeral "1" and members representing an even-numbered district have terms ending the first Monday in January in the year ending in the numeral "3." Thereafter, the term of each member is four years, with terms ending the first Monday in January, except that all terms expire on the effective date of the next apportionment. A member's position on the Metropolitan Council becomes vacant if the member ceases to be a local elected official or as provided in chapter 351, and any vacancy must be filled as soon as practicable for the unexpired term in the same manner as the initial appointment. A member shall continue to serve the member's district until a successor is appointed and qualified; except that, following each apportionment, the member shall continue to serve at large until the governor appoints 16 council members, one municipal committee for the council district appoints a member from each of the newly drawn council districts district as provided under subdivision 3a, to serve terms as provided under this section. The appointment to the council must be made by the first Monday in March of the year in which the term ends.

(b) The terms of members appointed by county boards are staggered as follows: members representing the counties of Anoka, Dakota, Ramsey, and Scott have terms ending the first Monday in January of the year ending in the numeral "1," and members representing the counties of Carver, Hennepin, and Washington have terms ending the first Monday in January of the year ending in the numeral "3." Thereafter, the term for each member is four years. A member's position on the Metropolitan Council becomes vacant if the member ceases to be a local elected official or as provided in chapter 351, and any vacancy must be filled as soon as practicable for the unexpired term in the same manner as the initial appointment.

(c) An individual appointed by the commissioner of transportation under subdivision 1 serves at the pleasure of the appointing authority.

Subd. 2b. Municipal committee in each council district. The governing body of each home rule charter or statutory city and town in each Metropolitan Council district shall appoint a member to serve on a municipal committee for the council district. If a city or town is in more than one council district, the governing body must appoint a member to serve on each council district's municipal committee. A member appointed to a council district's municipal committee must reside in the council district. The municipal committee must meet at least quarterly to discuss issues relating to the Metropolitan Council. Municipal committee meetings are subject to the Minnesota Open Meeting Law, chapter 13D.

Subd. 3. Membership; appointment; qualifications Compensation. (a) Sixteen members must be appointed by the governor from districts defined by this section. Each council member must reside in the council district represented. Each council district must be represented by one member of the council. In addition to any compensation as a local elected official, the council shall pay each member of the council other than the chair at the rate of \$55 a day spent on council activities authorized by the council.

(b) In addition to the notice required by section 15.0597, subdivision 4, notice of vacancies and expiration of terms must be published in newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area and the appropriate districts. The governing bodies of the statutory and home rule charter cities, counties, and towns having territory in the district for which a member is to be appointed must be notified in writing. The notices must describe the appointments process and invite participation and recommendations on the appointment. In addition to any compensation as a local elected official, the council shall pay the chair \$40,000 per year plus reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses as approved by the council.

(c) The governor shall create a nominating committee, composed of seven metropolitan citizens appointed by the governor, to nominate persons for appointment to the council from districts. Three of the committee members must be local elected officials. Following the submission of applications as provided under section 15.0597, subdivision 5, the nominating committee shall conduct public meetings, after appropriate notice, to accept statements from or on behalf of persons who have applied or been nominated for appointment and to allow consultation with and secure the advice of the public and local elected officials. The committee shall hold the meeting on each appointment in the district or in a reasonably convenient and accessible location in the part of the metropolitan area in which the district is located. The committee may consolidate meetings. Following the meetings, the committee shall submit to the governor a list of nominees for each appointment. The governor is not required to appoint from the list.

(d) Before making an appointment, the governor shall consult with all members of the legislature from the council district for which the member is to be appointed.

(e) Appointments to the council are subject to the advice and consent of the senate as provided in section 15.066.

(f) Members of the council must be appointed to reflect fairly the various demographic, political, and other interests in the metropolitan area and the districts.

(g) Members of the council must be persons knowledgeable about urban and metropolitan affairs.

(h) Any vacancy in the office of a council member shall immediately be filled for the unexpired term. In filling a vacancy, the governor may forgo the requirements of paragraph (c) if the governor has made appointments in full compliance with the requirements of this subdivision within the preceding 12 months.

Subd. 3a. **Redistricting.** The legislature shall redraw the boundaries of the council districts after each decennial federal census so that each district has substantially equal population. Redistricting is effective in the year ending in the numeral "3." Within 60 days after a redistricting plan takes effect, the <u>governor municipal committees</u> shall appoint members from the newly drawn districts to serve terms as provided under subdivision 2a.

Subd. 3e. **District boundaries.** Metropolitan Council plan MC2013-1A, on file with the Geographical Information Systems Office of the Legislative Coordinating Commission and published on its Web site on April 9, 2013, is adopted and constitutes the redistricting plan required by subdivision 3a. The boundaries of each Metropolitan Council district are as described in that plan.

Subd. 4. **Chair; appointment, officers, selection; duties and compensation.** (a) The chair of the Metropolitan Council shall be appointed by the governor as the 17th <u>29th</u> voting member thereof by and with the advice and consent of the senate to serve at the pleasure of the governor to represent the metropolitan area at large. Senate confirmation shall be as provided by section 15.066.

The chair of the Metropolitan Council shall, if present, preside at meetings of the council, have the primary responsibility for meeting with local elected officials, serve as the principal legislative liaison, present to the governor and the legislature, after council approval, the council's plans for regional governance and operations, serve as the principal spokesperson of the council, and perform other duties assigned by the council or by law.

(b) The Metropolitan Council shall elect other officers as it deems necessary for the conduct of its affairs for a one-year term. A secretary and treasurer need not be members of the Metropolitan Council. Meeting times and places shall be fixed by the Metropolitan Council and special meetings may be called by a majority of the members of the Metropolitan Council or by the chair. The chair and each Metropolitan Council member shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses.

(c) Each member of the council shall attend and participate in council meetings and meet regularly with local elected officials and legislative members from the council member's district. Each council member shall serve on at least one division committee for transportation, environment, or community development.

(d) In the performance of its duties the Metropolitan Council may adopt policies and procedures governing its operation, establish committees, and, when specifically authorized by law, make appointments to other governmental agencies and districts.

Subd. 8. General counsel. The council may appoint a general counsel to serve at the pleasure of the council.

Subd. 9. <u>Authority to vote; quorum; votes required for action.</u> (a) The chair and members appointed by the counties and municipal committees may vote on all matters before the council.

The commissioner of transportation or the commissioner's designee and the three members appointed by the commissioner may vote only on matters in which the council is acting as the metropolitan planning organization for the region as provided in section 473.146.

(b) A quorum is a majority of the members permitted to vote on a matter. If a quorum is present, the council may act on a majority vote of the members present, except:

(1) if a quorum is present, the council may adopt its levy only if at least 60 percent of the members present vote in favor of the levy; and

(2) if a quorum is present, the council may adopt a metropolitan system plan or plan amendment only if at least 60 percent of the members present vote in favor of its adoption.

EFFECTIVE DATE; TRANSITION; APPLICATION. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), this section is effective January 1, 2019, and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington. Metropolitan Council members serving on the effective date of this section shall continue to serve until members are appointed from districts by the municipal committees as provided in this section.

(b) Subdivisions 1, paragraph (c), and 2b are effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 473.146, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Development guide: transportation.** The transportation chapter must include policies relating to all transportation forms and be designed to promote the legislative determinations, policies, and goals set forth in section 473.371. In addition to the requirements of subdivision 1 regarding the contents of the policy plan, the nontransit element of the transportation chapter must include the following:

(1) a statement of the needs and problems of the metropolitan area with respect to the functions covered, including the present and prospective demand for and constraints on access to regional business concentrations and other major activity centers and the constraints on and acceptable levels of development and vehicular trip generation at such centers;

(2) the objectives of and the policies to be forwarded by the policy plan;

(3) a general description of the physical facilities and services to be developed;

(4) a statement as to the general location of physical facilities and service areas;

(5) a general statement of timing and priorities in the development of those physical facilities and service areas;

(6) a detailed statement, updated every two years, of timing and priorities for improvements and expenditures needed on the metropolitan highway system;

(7) a general statement on the level of public expenditure appropriate to the facilities; and

(8) a long-range assessment of air transportation trends and factors that may affect airport development in the metropolitan area and policies and strategies that will ensure a comprehensive, coordinated, and timely investigation and evaluation of alternatives for airport development.

The council shall develop the nontransit element in consultation with the transportation advisory board and the Metropolitan Airports Commission and cities having an airport located within or adjacent to its corporate boundaries. The council shall also take into consideration the airport development and operations plans and activities of the commission. The council shall transmit the results to the state Department of Transportation.

EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective January 1, 2019, and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 473.146, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Transportation planning.** (a) The Metropolitan Council is the designated planning agency for any long-range comprehensive transportation planning required by section 134 of the Federal Highway Act of 1962, Section 4 of Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 and Section 112 of Federal Aid Highway Act of 1973 and other federal transportation laws. The council shall assure administration and coordination of transportation planning with appropriate state, regional and other agencies, counties, and municipalities.

(b) The council shall establish an advisory body consisting of citizens and representatives of municipalities, counties, and state agencies in fulfillment of the planning responsibilities of the council. The membership of the advisory body must consist of:

(1) the commissioner of transportation or the commissioner's designee;

(2) the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner's designee;

(3) one member of the Metropolitan Airports Commission appointed by the commission;

(4) one person appointed by the council to represent nonmotorized transportation;

(5) one person appointed by the commissioner of transportation to represent the freight transportation industry;

(6) two persons appointed by the council to represent public transit;

(7) ten elected officials of cities within the metropolitan area, including one representative from each first-class city, appointed by the Association of Metropolitan Municipalities;

(8) one member of the county board of each county in the seven-county metropolitan area, appointed by the respective county boards;

(9) eight eitizens appointed by the council, one from each council precinet;

(10) one elected official from a city participating in the replacement service program under section 473.388, appointed by the Suburban Transit Association; and

(11) one member of the council, appointed by the council.

(c) The council shall appoint a chair from among the members of the advisory body.

(b) The council must establish a technical advisory committee to provide technical expertise to the council on transportation issues. The technical advisory committee must be composed of professional staff from local governments and agencies involved in transportation in the metropolitan area.

EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective January 1, 2019, and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 6. **REPEALER.**

Laws 1994, chapter 628, article 1, section 8, is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2019."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: Eric R. Pratt, Jerry Newton, Scott M. Jensen

House Conferees: Tony Albright, Jon Koznick, Mark Uglem

Senator Pratt moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on S.F. No. 2809 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

S.F. No. 2809 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 36 and nays 30, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler Anderson, B. Anderson, P. Benson Chamberlain Dahms Draheim Eichorn	Fischbach Gazelka Goggin Hall Hoffman Housley Ingebrigtsen Jasinski	Jensen Johnson Kiffmeyer Koran Lang Limmer Mathews Miller	Nelson Newman Osmek Pratt Relph Rosen Ruud	Senjem Utke Weber Westrom
Eichorn	Jasinski	Miller	Ruud	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bigham	Dibble	Hawj	Latz	Simonson
Carlson	Dziedzic	Hayden	Little	Sparks
Champion	Eaton	Isaacson	Lourey	Tomassoni
Clausen	Eken	Kent	Marty	Torres Ray
Cohen	Franzen	Klein	Pappas	Wiger
Cwodzinski	Frentz	Laine	Rest	Wiklund

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

CONFIRMATION

Senator Kiffmeyer moved that the report from the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy and Elections, reported May 14, 2018, pertaining to appointments, be taken from the table. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kiffmeyer moved that the foregoing report be now adopted. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kiffmeyer moved that in accordance with the report from the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy and Elections, reported May 14, 2018, the Senate, having given its advice, do now consent to and confirm the appointments of:

CAMPAIGN FINANCE AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BOARD

Gary Haugen, 6208 Braeburn Cir., Edina, Hennepin County, effective September 16, 2017, for a term expiring on January 4, 2021.

Margaret Leppik, 7500 Western Ave., Golden Valley, Hennepin County, effective June 7, 2017, for a term expiring on January 6, 2020.

Robert Moilanen, 12920 Woodbridge Tr., Minnetonka, Hennepin County, effective June 7, 2017, for a term expiring on January 7, 2019.

Daniel Rosen, 60 S. 6th St., Ste. 3615, Minneapolis, Hennepin County, effective January 2, 2018, for a term expiring on January 3, 2022.

Stephen Swanson, 100 - 2nd St. S.E., #105, Minneapolis, Hennepin County, effective July 1, 2017, for a term expiring on January 6, 2020.

The motion prevailed. So the appointments were confirmed.

SPECIAL ORDERS

Pursuant to Rule 26, Senator Gazelka, Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, designated the following bills a Special Orders Calendar to be heard immediately:

S.F. No. 3290, H.F. Nos. 3380, 3972, and 2363.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 3290: A bill for an act relating to energy; establishing a process to compensate businesses for loss of business opportunity resulting from sale and closure of a biomass energy plant; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116C.

Senator Lang moved to amend S.F. No. 3290 as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Renewable development account.** (a) The renewable development account is established as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Appropriations and transfers to the account shall be credited to the account. Earnings, such as interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from assets of the account, shall be credited to the account. Funds remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year are not canceled to the general fund but remain in the account until expended. The account shall be administered by the commissioner of management and budget as provided under this section.

(b) On July 1, 2017, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating plant must transfer all funds in the renewable development account previously established under this subdivision and managed by the public utility to the renewable development account established in paragraph (a). Funds awarded to grantees in previous grant cycles that have not yet been expended and unencumbered funds required to be paid in calendar year 2017 under paragraphs (e) and (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, are not subject to transfer under this paragraph.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, Beginning January 15, 2018 2019, and continuing each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island <u>and Monticello</u> nuclear generating <u>plant plants</u> must transfer to the renewable development account \$500,000 each year for each dry cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Prairie Island power plant for the following <u>amounts</u> each year the <u>either</u> plant is in operation, and \$7,500,000 each year the plant is not in operation: (1) \$23,000,000 in 2019; (2) \$28,000,000 in 2020; (3) \$28,000,000 in 2021; and (4) <u>\$20,000,000 beginning in 2022 and each year thereafter.</u> If ordered by the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). (h), the public utility must transfer \$7,500,000 each year the Prairie Island plant is not in operation and \$5,250,000 each year the Monticello plant is not in operation. The fund transfer must be made if nuclear waste is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Prairie Island or Monticello for any part of a year.

(d) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Monticello nuclear generating plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$350,000 each year for each dry cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Monticello nuclear power plant for each year the plant is in operation, and \$5,250,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered by the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear waste is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Monticello for any part of a year.

(e) (d) Each year, the public utility shall withhold from the funds transferred to the renewable development account under <u>paragraphs</u> <u>paragraph</u> (c) and (d) the amount necessary to pay its obligations for that calendar year under paragraphs (e), (f) and (g), (j), and (n), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, for that calendar year.

(f) (e) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, the termination of a power purchase agreement, or the purchase and closure of a facility under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with an entity that uses poultry litter to generate electricity, the public utility subject

to this section shall enter into a contract with the city in which the poultry litter plant is located to provide grants to the city for the purposes of economic development on the following schedule: \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2018; \$6,500,000 each fiscal year in 2019 and 2020; and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2021. The grants shall be paid by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer to the renewable development account, as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e) (d).

(g) (f) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, or the termination of a power purchase agreement under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with an entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal utilities located north of Constitutional Route No. 8, that was previously used to meet the biomass mandate in section 216B.2424, the public utility that owns a nuclear generating plant shall enter into a grant contract with such entity to provide \$6,800,000 per year for five years, commencing 30 days after the commission approves the new or amended power purchase agreement, or the termination of the power purchase agreement, and on each June 1 thereafter through 2021, to assist the transition required by the new, amended, or terminated power purchase agreement. The grant shall be paid by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer to the renewable development account as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e) (d).

(h) (g) The collective amount paid under the grant contracts awarded under paragraphs (e) and (f) and (g) is limited to the amount deposited into the renewable development account, and its predecessor, the renewable development account, established under this section, that was not required to be deposited into the account under Laws 1994, chapter 641, article 1, section 10.

(i) (h) After discontinuation of operation of the Prairie Island nuclear plant or the Monticello nuclear plant and each year spent nuclear fuel is stored in dry cask at the discontinued facility, the commission shall require the public utility to pay \$7,500,000 for the discontinued Prairie Island facility and \$5,250,000 for the discontinued Monticello facility for any year in which the commission finds, by the preponderance of the evidence, that the public utility did not make a good faith effort to remove the spent nuclear fuel stored at the facility to a permanent or interim storage site out of the state. This determination shall be made at least every two years.

(i) The public utility must annually file with the commission a petition to recover through a rider mechanism all funds it is required to transfer or withhold under paragraphs (c) to (f) for the next year. The commission must approve a reasonable cost recovery schedule for all funds under this paragraph.

(j) On or before January 15 of each year, the public utility must file a petition with the commission identifying the amounts withheld by the public utility the prior year under paragraph (d) and the amount actually paid the prior year for obligations identified in paragraph (d). If the amount actually paid is less than the amount withheld, the public utility must deduct the surplus from the amount withheld for the current year under paragraph (d). If the amount actually paid is more than the amount withheld, the public utility must add the deficiency amount to the amount withheld for the current year under paragraph (d). Any surplus remaining in the account after all programs identified in paragraph (d) are terminated must be returned to the public utility's customers.

(j) (k) Funds in the account may be expended only for any of the following purposes:

(1) to stimulate research and development of renewable electric energy technologies;

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(2) to encourage grid modernization, including, but not limited to, projects that implement electricity storage, load control, and smart meter technology; and

(3) to stimulate other innovative energy projects that reduce demand and increase system efficiency and flexibility.

Expenditures from the fund must benefit Minnesota ratepayers receiving electric service from the utility that owns a nuclear-powered electric generating plant in this state or the Prairie Island Indian community or its members.

The utility that owns a nuclear generating plant is eligible to apply for grants under this subdivision.

(k) (l) For the purposes of paragraph (i) (k), the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "renewable" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clauses (1), (2), (4), and (5); and

(2) "grid modernization" means:

(i) enhancing the reliability of the electrical grid;

(ii) improving the security of the electrical grid against cyberthreats and physical threats; and

(iii) increasing energy conservation opportunities by facilitating communication between the utility and its customers through the use of two-way meters, control technologies, energy storage and microgrids, technologies to enable demand response, and other innovative technologies.

(<u>H)</u> (<u>m</u>) A renewable development account advisory group that includes, among others, representatives of the public utility and its ratepayers, and includes at least one representative of the Prairie Island Indian community appointed by that community's tribal council, shall develop recommendations on account expenditures. Members of the advisory group must be chosen by the <u>public utility</u>. The advisory group must design a request for proposal and evaluate projects submitted in response to a request for proposals. The advisory group must utilize an independent third-party expert to evaluate proposals submitted in response to a request for proposal, including all proposals made by the public utility. A request for proposal for research and development under paragraph (j) (k), clause (1), may be limited to or include a request to higher education institutions located in Minnesota for multiple projects authorized under paragraph (j) (k), clause (1). The request for multiple projects for proposal scope and subject and in evaluating responses to request for proposals, the advisory group must strongly consider, where reasonable, potential benefit to Minnesota citizens and businesses and the utility's ratepayers.

(n) The cost of acquiring the services of the independent third-party expert described in paragraph (m) and any other reasonable costs incurred to administer the advisory group and its actions required by this section must be paid from funds withheld by the public utility under paragraph (d). The total amount withheld under this paragraph must not exceed \$125,000 each year.

(m) (o) The advisory group shall submit funding recommendations to the public utility, which has full and sole authority to determine which expenditures shall be submitted by the advisory group to the legislature commission. The commission may approve proposed expenditures, may disapprove proposed expenditures that it finds not to be in compliance with this subdivision or otherwise not in the public interest, and may, if agreed to by the public utility, modify proposed expenditures. The commission shall, by order, submit its funding recommendations to the legislature as provided under paragraph (n) (p).

(n) (p) The commission shall present its recommended appropriations from the account to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance annually by February 15. Expenditures from the account must be appropriated by law. In enacting appropriations from the account, the legislature:

(1) may approve or disapprove, but may not modify, the amount of an appropriation for a project recommended by the commission; and

(2) may not appropriate money for a project the commission has not recommended funding.

(o) (q) A request for proposal for renewable energy generation projects must, when feasible and reasonable, give preference to projects that are most cost-effective for a particular energy source.

 (\underline{p}) (<u>r</u>) The advisory group must annually, by February 15, report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over energy policy on projects funded by the account <u>under paragraph (k)</u> for the prior year and all previous years. The report must, to the extent possible and reasonable, itemize the actual and projected financial benefit to the public utility's ratepayers of each project.

(s) By June 1, 2018, and each June 1 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island Nuclear Electric Generating Plant must submit to the commissioner of management and budget an estimate of the amount the public utility will deposit into the account the following January 15, based on the provisions of paragraphs (c) to (h) and any appropriations made from the fund during the most recent legislative session.

(q) (t) By February 1 June 30, 2018, and each February 1 June 30 thereafter, the commissioner of management and budget shall must estimate the balance in the account as of the following January 31, taking into account the balance in the account as of June 30 and the information provided under paragraph (r). By July 15, 2018, and each July 15 thereafter, the commissioner of management and budget must submit a written report regarding the availability of funds in and obligations of the account to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance, the public utility, and the advisory group. If more than \$15,000,000 is estimated to be available in the account as of January 31, the advisory group must, by January 31 the next year, issue a request for proposals to initiate a grant cycle for the purposes of paragraph (k).

(r) (u) A project receiving funds from the account must produce a written final report that includes sufficient detail for technical readers and a clearly written summary for nontechnical readers. The report must include an evaluation of the project's financial, environmental, and other benefits to the state and the public utility's ratepayers.

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(s)(v) Final reports, any mid-project status reports, and renewable development account financial reports must be posted online on a public Web site designated by the commissioner of commerce.

(t) (w) All final reports must acknowledge that the project was made possible in whole or part by the Minnesota renewable development account, noting that the account is financed by the public utility's ratepayers.

(u)(x) Of the amount in the renewable development account, priority must be given to making the payments required under section 216C.417.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2018.

Sec. 2. [116C.7793] PRAIRIE ISLAND NET ZERO PROJECT.

Subdivision 1. **Program established.** The Prairie Island Net Zero Project is established with the goal of the Prairie Island Indian Community developing an energy system that results in net zero emissions.

Subd. 2. Grant. The commissioner of employment and economic development must enter into a grant contract with the Prairie Island Indian Community to provide the amounts appropriated each year under subdivision 4 to stimulate research, development, and implementation of renewable energy projects benefiting the Prairie Island Indian Community or its members. Any examination conducted by the commissioner of employment and economic development to determine the sufficiency of the financial stability and capacity of the Prairie Island Indian Community to carry out the purposes of this grant is limited to the Community Services Department of the Prairie Island Indian Community.

<u>Subd. 3.</u> **Plan; report.** The Prairie Island Indian Community must file a plan with the commissioner of employment and economic development no later than July 1, 2019, describing the Prairie Island Net Zero Project elements and implementation strategy. The Prairie Island Indian Community must file a report on July 1, 2020, and each July 1 thereafter through 2025, describing the progress made in implementing the project and the uses of expended funds.

Subd. 4. Appropriation. Notwithstanding section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (k), \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2019, \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2020, \$4,500,000 in fiscal year 2021, \$9,000,000 in fiscal year 2022, \$8,000,000 in fiscal year 2023, and \$8,500,000 in fiscal year 2024 are appropriated from the renewable development account under section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of employment and economic development for a grant to the Prairie Island Indian Community for the purposes of this section. Any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year do not cancel to the renewable development account but remain available until spent. This subdivision expires the day after the last transfer of funds to the commissioner.

Subd. 5. **Transfer.** (a) Any funds appropriated under section 216C.417, subdivision 2, that are unexpended at the end of a fiscal year are transferred to the commissioner of employment and economic development for a grant to the Prairie Island Indian Community for the purposes of this section.

(b) Beginning in fiscal year 2019 and continuing each year thereafter, on the day following the public release of the February state budget forecast the commissioner of management and budget

must compare the obligation forecasted in each fiscal year for the Made in Minnesota solar production incentive program under section 216C.417 with the obligations forecasted under that program in the previous year's February state budget forecast. If the amount in the most recent forecast in any one fiscal year is less than the amount of the obligation forecasted for the same fiscal year in the previous February forecast, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer the difference from the renewable development account established in section 116C.779 to the commissioner of employment and economic development for a grant to the Prairie Island Indian Community for the Prairie Island Net Zero Project in section 116C.7793.

(c) The total amount appropriated and transferred from the renewable development account under this subdivision and subdivision 4 must not exceed \$45,000,000.

(d) This subdivision expires the day following the day that the total amount appropriated and transferred from the renewable development account under this subdivision and subdivision 4 equals \$45,000,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 216C.417, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Appropriation.** (a) Unspent money remaining in the account established under Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.412, on July 1, 2017, must be transferred to the renewable development account in the special revenue fund established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1.

(b) There is annually appropriated from the renewable development account in the special revenue fund established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, to the commissioner of commerce money sufficient to make the incentive payments required under Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.415. Any funds appropriated under this paragraph that are unexpended at the end of a fiscal year must be transferred to the commissioner of employment and economic development as provided under section 116C.7793, subdivision 5. Any funds remaining after the transfer under this paragraph cancel to the renewable development account.

(c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216C.412, subdivision 1, none of this appropriation may be used for administrative costs.

Sec. 4. BIOMASS BUSINESS COMPENSATION.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Biomass plant" means the biomass plant identified under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

(c) "Early termination" means the early termination of the power purchase agreement authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with the biomass plant.

(d) "Operating income" means a business's revenue minus its operating expenses.

Subd. 2. Office of Administrative Hearings; claims process. (a) The chief administrative law judge of the Office of Administrative Hearings must assign an administrative law judge to administer a claims award process to compensate businesses negatively affected by the early termination. The chief administrative law judge may develop a process, prescribe forms, identify documentation required for submission of claims by affected businesses, and issue awards to eligible businesses consistent with this section. The process must allow, but not require, each business that applies for compensation to appear in person, by its authorized representative, before the assigned administrative law judge to provide evidence in support of its claim.

(b) The chief administrative law judge may contract with and use the services of financial or other consultants as necessary to examine financial documentation presented by claimants or otherwise assist in the evaluation and award of claims.

(c) Records submitted to the Office of Administrative Hearings as part of the claims process constitute business data under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.591.

(d) An award made pursuant to this section is final and not subject to judicial review.

(e) An award made pursuant to this section does not constitute an admission of liability of the state for any damages or other losses suffered by a business affected by the early termination.

Subd. 3. Eligibility. To be eligible for an award of compensation, an affected business must meet the following criteria:

(1) as of May 1, 2017, it was operating under the terms of a valid written contract, or oral contract that is supported by business records, with the company operating the biomass plant or the fertilizer plant integrated with the biomass plant, through which contract the business supplied or managed material for, or received material from, the biomass plant or the fertilizer plant integrated with the biomass plant;

(2) the business is located in the state; and

(3) as the result of the early termination, the business suffered:

(i) decreased operating income; or

(ii) the loss of value of investments in real or personal property essential to its business operations with the biomass plant.

Subd. 4. Types of claims. (a) An eligible business may make claims for an award of compensation based on either or both:

(1) decreased operating income; or

(2) the loss of value of investments in real or personal property essential to its business operations with the biomass plant.

(b) To establish and quantify a claim for decreased operating income, an eligible business must:

(1) demonstrate its operating income over the past five years for supplying or managing material for, or receiving material from, the biomass plant;

(2) present evidence of any alternative business opportunities it has pursued or could pursue to mitigate the loss of revenue from the termination of its contract with the biomass plant; and

(3)(i) demonstrate the extent to which, after the termination of its contract with the biomass plant, its annual operating income, including operating income from any alternative business opportunities, will be less than the past five-year average of its annual operating income; and

(ii) multiply that calculated decrease by two.

(c) To establish and quantify a claim for loss of value of investments in real or personal property, an eligible business must provide sufficient evidence of:

(1) the essential nature of the investment made in the property to fulfilling the contract with the biomass plant;

(2) the extent to which the eligible business is able to repurpose the property to another productive use after the early termination, including but not limited to the use, sales, salvage, or scrap value of the property for which the loss is claimed; and

(3) the value of the eligible business's nondepreciated investment in the property.

<u>Subd. 5.</u> Limitations on awards. (a) An award of compensation for a claim for decreased operating income must not exceed the amount calculated under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), clause 3.

(b) An award of compensation for a claim for loss of value of investments in real or personal property must be offset by the use, sales, salvage, or scrap value of the property for which a loss is claimed.

(c) Any payment received from business interruption insurance policies, settlements, or other forms of compensation related to the termination of the business's contract with the biomass plant, offsets any award of compensation provided under this section.

Subd. 6. **Priority.** The chief administrative law judge may give priority to claims by eligible businesses that demonstrate a significant effort to pursue alternative business opportunities or to conduct other loss mitigation efforts to reduce its claimed losses related to the termination of its contract with the company operating the biomass plant.

Subd. 7. Awarding claims. If the amount provided for compensation in the biomass business compensation account established under section 5 is insufficient to fully award all claims determined to be eligible for an award, all awards must be adjusted proportionally based on the value of the claim.

Subd. 8. **Deadlines.** The chief administrative law judge must make the application process for eligible claims available by August 1, 2018. A business seeking an award under this section must file all claims with the chief administrative law judge within 60 days following closure of the biomass plant. All preliminary awards on eligible claims must be made within 120 days following the deadline

to file claims. Any requests for reconsideration must be filed with the chief administrative law judge within 60 days following notice of preliminary awards. All final awards on eligible claims must be made within 60 days following the deadline to file reconsiderations. The commissioner of management and budget shall pay all awarded claims within 45 days after receiving notice of the final awards from the chief administrative law judge.

Subd. 9. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2021.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2018.

Sec. 5. BIOMASS BUSINESS COMPENSATION ACCOUNT.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> Account established. A biomass business compensation account is established as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Appropriations and transfers to the account must be credited to the account. Earnings, such as interest, and any other earnings arising from the assets of the account are credited to the account. Funds remaining in the account as of December 31, 2020, must be transferred to the renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779.

Subd. 2. Funding for the special account. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (k), on July 1, 2019, \$40,000,000 must be transferred from the renewable development account under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, to the biomass business compensation account established under subdivision 1. The transferred funds are appropriated to pay eligible obligations under the biomass business compensation program established under section 4.

<u>Subd. 3.</u> **Payment of expenses.** Beginning on July 1, 2019, the chief administrative law judge must certify to the commissioner of management and budget the total costs incurred to administer the biomass business compensation claims process. The commissioner of management and budget must transfer an amount equal to the certified costs incurred for biomass business compensation claim activities from the renewable development account under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, and deposit it to the administrative hearings account under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.54. Transfers may occur quarterly, based on quarterly cost and revenue reports, throughout the fiscal year, with final certification and reconciliation after each fiscal year. The total amount transferred under this subdivision must not exceed \$200,000.

Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2021.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2018."

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 37 and nays 29, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, B.	Chamberlain	Eichorn	Gazelka	Hoffman
Anderson, P.	Dahms	Eken	Goggin	Housley
Benson	Draheim	Fischbach	Hall	Ingebrigtsen

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Jasinski	Lang	Newman	Ruud
Jensen	Limmer	Osmek	Senjem
Johnson	Mathews	Pratt	Sparks
Kiffmeyer	Miller	Relph	Tomasso
Koran	Nelson	Rosen	Utke

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Weber Westrom

Torres Ray Wiger Wiklund

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Cwodzinski	Hawj	Latz	Rest
Bigham	Dibble	Hayden	Little	Simonson
Carlson	Dziedzic	Isaacson	Lourey	Torres Ray
Champion	Eaton	Kent	Marty	Wiger
Clausen	Franzen	Klein	Newton	Wiklund
Cohen	Frentz	Laine	Pappas	

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

S.F. No. 3290 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 38 and nays 27, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, B. Anderson, P. Benson Chamberlain Dahms Draheim Eichorn Eken	Fischbach Gazelka Goggin Hall Hoffman Housley Ingebrigtsen Jasinski	Jensen Johnson Kiffmeyer Koran Lang Limmer Lourey Mathews	Miller Newman Osmek Pratt Relph Rosen Ruud Senjem	Simonson Sparks Tomassoni Utke Weber Westrom
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Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Cwodzinski	Hawj	Latz
Bigham	Dibble	Hayden	Little
Carlson	Dziedzic	Isaacson	Marty
Champion	Eaton	Kent	Newton
Clausen	Franzen	Klein	Pappas
Cohen	Frentz	Laine	Rest

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 3380: A bill for an act relating to civil law; amending the definitions of owner and rental agreement; clarifying property sale requirements for self-service storage facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 514.971, subdivisions 3, 5; 514.973, subdivision 4.

Senator Johnson moved that the amendment made to H.F. No. 3380 by the Committee on Rules and Administration in the report adopted May 15, 2018, pursuant to Rule 45, be stricken. The motion prevailed. So the amendment was stricken.

H.F. No. 3380 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 65 and nays 0, as follows:

Abeler	Draheim	Hoffman	Latz	Rest
Anderson, B.	Dziedzic	Housley	Limmer	Rosen
Anderson, P.	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Little	Ruud
Benson	Eichorn	Isaacson	Lourey	Senjem
Bigham	Eken	Jasinski	Marty	Simonson
Carlson	Fischbach	Jensen	Mathews	Sparks
Chamberlain	Franzen	Johnson	Miller	Tomassoni
Champion	Frentz	Kent	Newman	Torres Ray
Clausen	Gazelka	Kiffmeyer	Newton	Utke
Cohen	Goggin	Klein	Osmek	Weber
Cwodzinski	Hall	Koran	Pappas	Westrom
Dahms	Hawj	Laine	Prâtt	Wiger
Dibble	Hayden	Lang	Relph	Wiklund

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 3972: A bill for an act relating to liquor; clarifying provisions relating to brewing and winemaking on premises; modifying off-sale hours; authorizing licenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 340A.33; 340A.34; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 340A.504, subdivision 4.

H.F. No. 3972 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 60 and nays 5, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, P.	Dziedzic	Housley	Latz	Rosen
Benson	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Limmer	Ruud
Bigham	Eichorn	Isaacson	Little	Senjem
Carlson	Eken	Jasinski	Lourey	Simonson
Chamberlain	Fischbach	Jensen	Marty	Sparks
Champion	Franzen	Johnson	Miller	Tomassoni
Clausen	Frentz	Kent	Newman	Torres Ray
Cohen	Gazelka	Kiffmeyer	Newton	Utke
Cwodzinski	Goggin	Klein	Osmek	Weber
Dahms	Hall	Koran	Pappas	Westrom
Dibble	Hawj	Laine	Prâtt	Wiger
Draheim	Hayden	Lang	Relph	Wiklund
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Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Anderson, B.	Hoffman	Mathews	Rest
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So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

H.F. No. 2363: A bill for an act relating to commerce; enacting and modifying the Revised Uniform Athlete Agents Act; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 45.011, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 81A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 81A.01; 81A.02; 81A.04; 81A.05; 81A.06; 81A.07; 81A.10; 81A.11; 81A.12; 81A.13; 81A.14; 81A.19; 81A.20; 81A.21.

H.F. No. 2363 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 63 and nays 3, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Those who voted in the negative were:

Champion Hawj Hayden

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

S.F. No. 2578 and the Conference Committee Report thereon were reported to the Senate.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S.F. No. 2578

A bill for an act relating to public safety; modifying the schedules of controlled substances; criminalizing certain acts involving kratom; modifying the DWI law by including other types of intoxicating substances and striking references to hazardous substances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 97B.065, subdivision 1; 152.02, subdivision 5; 152.027, by adding a subdivision; 169A.03, by adding a subdivision; 169A.20, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 1c; 169A.45, subdivision 1; 169A.51, subdivisions 1, 7; 169A.52, subdivision 2; 169A.63, by adding a subdivision; 169A.76; 360.0752, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 7; 360.0753, subdivision 6; 609.2111; 609.2112, subdivision 1; 609.2113, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 609.2114, subdivisions 1, 2; 624.7142, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 152.02, subdivision 2; 169A.51, subdivision 4; 169A.55, subdivision 2; 171.29, subdivision 1; 360.0753, subdivisions 2, 3; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, subdivision 9.

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

The Honorable Kurt L. Daudt Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S.F. No. 2578 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendment and that S.F. No. 2578 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE-RELATED CHANGES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 152.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Schedule I. (a) Schedule I consists of the substances listed in this subdivision.

(b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances, including their analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible:

(1) acetylmethadol;

(2) allylprodine;

(3) alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as levomethadyl acetate);

(4) alphameprodine;

(5) alphamethadol;

(6) alpha-methylfentanyl benzethidine;

(7) betacetylmethadol;

(8) betameprodine;

(9) betamethadol;

(10) betaprodine;

(11) clonitazene;

(12) dextromoramide;

- (13) diampromide;
- (14) diethyliambutene;
- (15) difenoxin;
- (16) dimenoxadol;
- (17) dimepheptanol;
- (18) dimethyliambutene;
- (19) dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- (20) dipipanone;
- (21) ethylmethylthiambutene;
- (22) etonitazene;
- (23) etoxeridine;
- (24) furethidine;
- (25) hydroxypethidine;
- (26) ketobemidone;
- (27) levomoramide;
- (28) levophenacylmorphan;
- (29) 3-methylfentanyl;
- (30) acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl;
- (31) alpha-methylthiofentanyl;
- (32) benzylfentanyl beta-hydroxyfentanyl;
- (33) beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;
- (34) 3-methylthiofentanyl;
- (35) thenylfentanyl;
- (36) thiofentanyl;
- (37) para-fluorofentanyl;
- (38) morpheridine;

- (39) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine;
- (40) noracymethadol;
- (41) norlevorphanol;
- (42) normethadone;
- (43) norpipanone;
- (44) 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine (PEPAP);
- (45) phenadoxone;
- (46) phenampromide;
- (47) phenomorphan;
- (48) phenoperidine;
- (49) piritramide;
- (50) proheptazine;
- (51) properidine;
- (52) propiram;
- (53) racemoramide;
- (54) tilidine;
- (55) trimeperidine;
- (56) N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide (acetyl fentanyl);
- (57) 3,4-dichloro-N-[(1R,2R)-2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide(U47700); and
 - (58) N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]furan-2-carboxamide(furanylfentanyl); and

(59) 4-(4-bromophenyl)-4-dimethylamino-1-phenethylcyclohexanol (bromadol).

(c) Opium derivatives. Any of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

- (1) acetorphine;
- (2) acetyldihydrocodeine;
- (3) benzylmorphine;
- (4) codeine methylbromide;
- (5) codeine-n-oxide;
- (6) cyprenorphine;
- (7) desomorphine;
- (8) dihydromorphine;
- (9) drotebanol;
- (10) etorphine;
- (11) heroin;
- (12) hydromorphinol;
- (13) methyldesorphine;
- (14) methyldihydromorphine;
- (15) morphine methylbromide;
- (16) morphine methylsulfonate;
- (17) morphine-n-oxide;
- (18) myrophine;
- (19) nicocodeine;
- (20) nicomorphine;
- (21) normorphine;
- (22) pholcodine; and
- (23) thebacon.

(d) Hallucinogens. Any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers (whether optical, positional, or geometric), and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

(1) methylenedioxy amphetamine;

- (2) methylenedioxymethamphetamine;
- (3) methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (MDEA);
- (4) n-hydroxy-methylenedioxyamphetamine;

- (5) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOB);
- (6) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (2,5-DMA);
- (7) 4-methoxyamphetamine;
- (8) 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxyamphetamine;
- (9) alpha-ethyltryptamine;
- (10) bufotenine;
- (11) diethyltryptamine;
- (12) dimethyltryptamine;
- (13) 3,4,5-trimethoxyamphetamine;
- (14) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOM);
- (15) ibogaine;
- (16) lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD);
- (17) mescaline;
- (18) parahexyl;
- (19) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- (20) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- (21) psilocybin;
- (22) psilocyn;
- (23) tenocyclidine (TPCP or TCP);
- (24) N-ethyl-1-phenyl-cyclohexylamine (PCE);
- (25) 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) pyrrolidine (PCPy);
- (26) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]-pyrrolidine (TCPy);
- (27) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOC);
- (28) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOET);
- (29) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOI);
- (30) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-B);

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- (31) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-C);
- (32) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-D);
- (33) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-E);
- (34) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-I);
- (35) 4-propyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-P);
- (36) 4-isopropylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-T-4);
- (37) 4-propylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-T-7);
- (38) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine (2-CB-FLY);
- (39) bromo-benzodifuranyl-isopropylamine (Bromo-DragonFLY);
- (40) alpha-methyltryptamine (AMT);
- (41) N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (DiPT);
- (42) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DMT);
- (43) 4-acetoxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DET);
- (44) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-propyltryptamine (4-HO-MPT);
- (45) 4-hydroxy-N,N-dipropyltryptamine (4-HO-DPT);
- (46) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (4-HO-DALT);
- (47) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-HO-DiPT);
- (48) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DiPT);
- (49) 5-methoxy-α-methyltryptamine (5-MeO-AMT);
- (50) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT);
- (51) 5-methylthio-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeS-DMT);
- (52) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-MiPT);
- (53) 5-methoxy-α-ethyltryptamine (5-MeO-AET);
- (54) 5-methoxy-N,N-dipropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DPT);
- (55) 5-methoxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DET);
- (56) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (5-MeO-DALT);

- (57) methoxetamine (MXE);
- (58) 5-iodo-2-aminoindane (5-IAI);
- (59) 5,6-methylenedioxy-2-aminoindane (MDAI);
- (60) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (25B-NBOMe);
- (61) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (25C-NBOMe);
- (62) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine (25I-NBOMe);
- (63) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-H);
- (64) 2-(4-Ethylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-T-2);
- (65) N,N-Dipropyltryptamine (DPT);
- (66) 3-[1-(Piperidin-1-yl)cyclohexyl]phenol (3-HO-PCP);
- (67) N-ethyl-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanamine (3-MeO-PCE);
- (68) 4-[1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]morpholine (3-MeO-PCMo);

(69) 1-[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]-piperidine (methoxydine, 4-MeO-PCP);

(70) 2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(ethylamino)cyclohexan-1-one (N-Ethylnorketamine, ethketamine, NENK);

(71) methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylamphetamine (MDDMA);

(72) 3-(2-Ethyl(methyl)aminoethyl)-1H-indol-4-yl (4-AcO-MET); and

(73) 2-Phenyl-2-(methylamino)cyclohexanone (deschloroketamine).

(e) Peyote. All parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or extracts. The listing of peyote as a controlled substance in Schedule I does not apply to the nondrug use of peyote in bona fide religious ceremonies of the American Indian Church, and members of the American Indian Church are exempt from registration. Any person who manufactures peyote for or distributes peyote to the American Indian Church, however, is required to obtain federal registration annually and to comply with all other requirements of law.

(f) Central nervous system depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

(1) mecloqualone;

(2) methaqualone;

(3) gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), including its esters and ethers;

(4) flunitrazepam; and

(5) 2-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-2-(methylamino)cyclohexanone (2-MeO-2-deschloroketamine, methoxyketamine).

(g) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

- (1) aminorex;
- (2) cathinone;
- (3) fenethylline;
- (4) methcathinone;
- (5) methylaminorex;
- (6) N,N-dimethylamphetamine;
- (7) N-benzylpiperazine (BZP);
- (8) methylmethcathinone (mephedrone);
- (9) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (methylone);
- (10) methoxymethcathinone (methedrone);
- (11) methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV);
- (12) 3-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (3-FMC);
- (13) methylethcathinone (MEC);
- (14) 1-benzofuran-6-ylpropan-2-amine (6-APB);
- (15) dimethylmethcathinone (DMMC);
- (16) fluoroamphetamine;
- (17) fluoromethamphetamine;
- (18) α-methylaminobutyrophenone (MABP or buphedrone);
- (19) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)butan-1-one (butylone);

- (20) 2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)butan-1-one (4-MEMABP or BZ-6378);
- (21) 1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl) pentan-1-one (naphthylpyrovalerone or naphyrone);
- (22) (alpha-pyrrolidinopentiophenone (alpha-PVP);
- (23) (RS)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-hexanone (4-Me-PHP or MPHP);
- (24) 2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-hexanophenone (Alpha-PHP);
- (25) 4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone (4-MEC);
- (26) 4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4-MePPP);
- (27) 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (pentedrone);
- (28) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one (pentylone);
- (29) 4-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (4-FMC);
- (30) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone (ethylone);
- (31) alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (α -PBP);
- (32) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (5-APDB);
- (33) 1-phenyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-heptanone (PV8);
- (34) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (6-APDB);
- (35) 4-methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone (4-MEAPP);
- (36) 4'-chloro-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4'-chloro-PPP);
- (37) 1-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)butan-1-one (dibutylone, bk-DMBDB); and
- (38) 1-(3-chlorophenyl) piperazine (meta-chlorophenylpiperazine or mCPP); and

(38)(39) any other substance, except bupropion or compounds listed under a different schedule, that is structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:

(i) by substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substituents;

(ii) by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent;

(iii) by substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups; or

(h) Marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, and synthetic cannabinoids. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any natural or synthetic material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, or salts is possible:

(1) marijuana;

(2) tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis, synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant or in the resinous extractives of the plant, or synthetic substances with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those substances contained in the plant or resinous extract, including, but not limited to, 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol;

(3) synthetic cannabinoids, including the following substances:

(i) Naphthoylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(1-napthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

(A) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-018 and AM-678);

(B) 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-073);

(C) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-081);

(D) 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200);

(E) 1-Propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-015);

(F) 1-Hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-019);

(G) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-122);

(H) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-210);

(I) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-398);

(J) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM-2201).

Napthylmethylindoles, which compounds containing (ii) are any а 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole by alkyl. haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, ring an 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthylmethylindoles include, but are not limited to:

(A) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane (JWH-175);

(B) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(4-methyl-1-naphthyl)methane (JWH-184).

(iii) Naphthoylpyrroles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthoylpyrroles include, but are not limited to, (5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-pentylpyrrol-3-yl)-naphthalen-1-ylmethanone (JWH-307).

(iv) Naphthylmethylindenes, which are any compounds containing a naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthylemethylindenes include, but are not limited to, E-1-[1-(1-naphthalenylmethylene)-1H-inden-3-yl]pentane (JWH-176).

(v) Phenylacetylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of phenylacetylindoles include, but are not limited to:

(A) 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (RCS-8);

(B) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-250);

(C) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-251);

(D) 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (JWH-203).

(vi) Cyclohexylphenols, which are compounds containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of cyclohexylphenols include, but are not limited to:

(A) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP 47,497);

(B) 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (Cannabicyclohexanol or CP 47,497 C8 homologue);

(C) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl] -phenol (CP 55,940).

(vii) Benzoylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not

further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of benzoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

(A) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (RCS-4);

(B) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM-694);

(C) (4-methoxyphenyl-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone (WIN 48,098 or Pravadoline).

(viii) Others specifically named:

(A) (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10atetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (HU-210);

(B) (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl) -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (Dexanabinol or HU-211);

(C) 2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de] -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl-1-naphthalenylmethanone (WIN 55,212-2);

(D) (1-pentylindol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone (UR-144);

(E) (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone (XLR-11);

(F) 1-pentyl-N-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (AKB-48(APINACA));

(G) N-((3s,5s,7s)-adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (5-Fluoro-AKB-48);

(H) 1-pentyl-8-quinolinyl ester-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (PB-22);

(I) 8-quinolinyl ester-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (5-Fluoro PB-22);

(J) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (AB-PINACA);

(K) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]- 1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (AB-FUBINACA);

(L) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide(AB-CHMINACA);

(M) (S)-methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3- methylbutanoate (5-fluoro-AMB);

(N) [1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl](naphthalen-1-yl) methanone (THJ-2201);

(O) (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl)methanone) (FUBIMINA);

(P) (7-methoxy-1-(2-morpholinoethyl)-N-((1S,2S,4R)-1,3,3-trimethylbicyclo [2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (MN-25 or UR-12);

(Q) (S)-N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl) -1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5-fluoro-ABICA);

(R) N-(1-amino-3-phenyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl) -1H-indole-3-carboxamide;

(S) N-(1-amino-3-phenyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl) -1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;

(T) methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido) -3,3-dimethylbutanoate;

(U) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1(cyclohexylmethyl)-1 H-indazole-3-carboxamide (MAB-CHMINACA);

(V) N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxo-2-butanyl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (ADB-PINACA);

(W) methyl (1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl)-L-valinate (FUB-AMB);

(X) N-[(1S)-2-amino-2-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-Indazole-3-carboxamide. (APP-CHMINACA);

(Y) quinolin-8-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (FUB-PB-22); and

(Z) methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate (MMB-CHMICA).

(i) A controlled substance analog, to the extent that it is implicitly or explicitly intended for human consumption.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 152.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Schedule IV. (a) Schedule IV consists of the substances listed in this subdivision.

(b) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as follows:

(1) not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;

(2) dextropropoxyphene (Darvon and Darvocet);

(3) 2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanol, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of these isomers (including tramadol); and

(4) eluxadoline:

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(5) pentazocine; and

(6) butorphanol (including its optical isomers).

(c) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

(1) alfaxalone (5α -pregnan- 3α -ol-11,20-dione);

- (2) alprazolam;
- (3) barbital;
- (4) bromazepam;
- (5) camazepam;
- (6) carisoprodol;
- (7) chloral betaine;
- (8) chloral hydrate;
- (9) chlordiazepoxide;
- (10) clobazam;
- (11) clonazepam;
- (12) clorazepate;
- (13) clotiazepam;
- (14) cloxazolam;
- (15) delorazepam;
- (16) diazepam;
- (17) dichloralphenazone;
- (18) estazolam;
- (19) ethchlorvynol;
- (20) ethinamate;
- (21) ethyl loflazepate;
- (22) fludiazepam;

- (23) flurazepam;
- (24) fospropofol;
- (25) halazepam;
- (26) haloxazolam;
- (27) ketazolam;
- (28) loprazolam;
- (29) lorazepam;
- (30) lormetazepam mebutamate;
- (31) medazepam;
- (32) meprobamate;
- (33) methohexital;
- (34) methylphenobarbital;
- (35) midazolam;
- (36) nimetazepam;
- (37) nitrazepam;
- (38) nordiazepam;
- (39) oxazepam;
- (40) oxazolam;
- (41) paraldehyde;
- (42) petrichloral;
- (43) phenobarbital;
- (44) pinazepam;
- (45) prazepam;
- (46) quazepam;
- (47) suvorexant;
- (48) temazepam;

- (49) tetrazepam;
- (50) triazolam;
- (51) zaleplon;
- (52) zolpidem;
- (53) zopiclone.

(d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance including its salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible: fenfluramine.

(e) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

- (1) cathine (norpseudoephedrine);
- (2) diethylpropion;
- (3) fencamfamine;
- (4) fenproporex;
- (5) mazindol;
- (6) mefenorex;
- (7) modafinil;
- (8) pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof);
- (9) phentermine;
- (10) pipradol;
- (11) sibutramine;
- (12) SPA (1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane).
- (f) lorcaserin.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 152.027, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. Sale or possession of kratom. (a) A person who unlawfully sells any amount of kratom or a substance that contains mitragynine or 7-hydroxymitragynine to a person under the age of 18 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(b) A person under the age of 18 who unlawfully possesses any amount of kratom or a substance that contains mitragynine or 7-hydroxymitragynine is guilty of a misdemeanor.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

ARTICLE 2

SUBSTANTIVE CHANGE TO DWI LAW; INTOXICATING SUBSTANCES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11a. Intoxicating substance. "Intoxicating substance" means a drug or chemical, as those terms are defined in section 151.01, that when introduced into the human body impairs the central nervous system or impairs the human audio, visual, or mental processes. The term does not include alcohol or controlled substances.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Driving while impaired crime; motor vehicle.** It is a crime for any person to drive, operate, or be in physical control of any motor vehicle, as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 15, except for motorboats in operation and off-road recreational vehicles, within this state or on any boundary water of this state when:

(1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;

(3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the motor vehicle and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);

(5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the motor vehicle is 0.08 or more;

(6) the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle and the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the commercial motor vehicle is 0.04 or more; or

(7) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 3. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, subdivision 9, is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

ARTICLE 3

CONFORMING CHANGES TO DWI-RELATED LAWS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 97B.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Acts prohibited. (a) A person may not take wild animals with a firearm or by archery:

(1) when the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(2) when the person is under the influence of a controlled substance, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4;

(3) when the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements in clauses (1) and (2);

(4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.08 or more;

(5) when the person's alcohol concentration as measured within two hours of the time of taking is 0.08 or more; or

(6) when the person is knowingly under the influence of any chemical compound or combination of chemical compounds that is listed as a hazardous an intoxicating substance in rules adopted under section 182.655 and that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to operate a firearm or bow and arrow as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment.

(b) An owner or other person having charge or control of a firearm or bow may not authorize or permit an individual the person knows or has reason to believe is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance, as provided under paragraph (a), to possess the firearm or bow in this state or on a boundary water of this state.

(c) A person may not possess a loaded or uncased firearm or an uncased bow afield under any of the conditions in paragraph (a).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Driving while impaired crime; motorboat in operation.** It is a crime for any person to operate or be in physical control of a motorboat in operation on any waters or boundary water of this state when:

(1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;

(3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the motorboat and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);

(5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the motorboat is 0.08 or more; or

(6) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. **Driving while impaired crime; snowmobile and all-terrain vehicle.** It is a crime for any person to operate or be in physical control of a snowmobile as defined in section 84.81, subdivision 3, or all-terrain vehicle as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8, anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state when:

(1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;

(3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);

(5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle is 0.08 or more; or

(6) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.20, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. **Driving while impaired crime; off-highway motorcycle and off-road vehicle.** It is a crime for any person to operate or be in physical control of any off-highway motorcycle as defined in section 84.787, subdivision 7, or any off-road vehicle as defined in section 84.797, subdivision 7, anywhere in this state or on the ice of any boundary water of this state when:

(1) the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;

(3) the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to drive or operate the off-highway motoreyele or off-road vehicle and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) to (3);

(5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the off-highway motorcycle or off-road vehicle is 0.08 or more; or

(6) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Alcohol concentration evidence. Upon the trial of any prosecution arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person arrested for violating section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) or 169A.31 (alcohol-related school bus or Head Start bus driving), the court may admit evidence of the presence or amount of alcohol in the person's blood, breath, or urine as shown by an analysis of those items. In addition, in a prosecution for a violation of section 169A.20, the court may admit evidence of the presence or amount in the person's blood, breath, or urine, as shown by an analysis of those items, of:

(1) a controlled substance or its metabolite; or

(2) a hazardous an intoxicating substance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Implied consent; conditions; election of test.** (a) Any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state or on any boundary water of this state consents, subject to the provisions of sections 169A.50 to 169A.53 (implied consent law), and section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), to a chemical test of that person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the presence of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or <u>a hazardous an intoxicating</u> substance. The test must be administered at the direction of a peace officer.

(b) The test may be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor vehicle in violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), and one of the following conditions exist:

(1) the person has been lawfully placed under arrest for violation of section 169A.20 or an ordinance in conformity with it;

(2) the person has been involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death;

(3) the person has refused to take the screening test provided for by section 169A.41 (preliminary screening test); or

(4) the screening test was administered and indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

(c) The test may also be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle with the presence of any alcohol.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 169A.51, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Requirement of urine or blood test.** A blood or urine test may be required pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18 even after a breath test has been administered if there is probable cause to believe that:

(1) there is impairment by a controlled substance or a hazardous <u>an intoxicating</u> substance that is not subject to testing by a breath test;

(2) a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or

(3) the person is unconscious or incapacitated to the point that the peace officer providing a breath test advisory, administering a breath test, or serving the search warrant has a good-faith belief

that the person is mentally or physically unable to comprehend the breath test advisory or otherwise voluntarily submit to chemical tests.

Action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a blood test under this subdivision only if a urine test was offered and action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a urine test only if a blood test was offered. This limitation does not apply to an unconscious person under the circumstances described in clause (3).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.51, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Requirements for conducting tests; liability.** (a) Only a physician, medical technician, emergency medical technician-paramedic, registered nurse, medical technologist, medical laboratory technician, phlebotomist, laboratory assistant, or other qualified person acting at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the presence of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or <u>a hazardous an intoxicating</u> substance. This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine sample.

(b) The person tested has the right to have someone of the person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a peace officer; provided, that the additional test sample on behalf of the person is obtained at the place where the person is in custody, after the test administered at the direction of a peace officer, and at no expense to the state. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test or tests by a person does not preclude the admission in evidence of the test taken at the direction of a peace officer unless the additional test was prevented or denied by the peace officer.

(c) The physician, medical technician, emergency medical technician-paramedic, medical technologist, medical laboratory technician, laboratory assistant, phlebotomist, registered nurse, or other qualified person drawing blood at the request of a peace officer for the purpose of determining the concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or a hazardous an intoxicating substance is in no manner liable in any civil or criminal action except for negligence in drawing the blood. The person administering a breath test must be fully trained in the administration of breath tests pursuant to training given by the commissioner of public safety.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified person" means medical personnel trained in a licensed hospital or educational institution to withdraw blood.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Reporting test failure.** (a) If a person submits to a test, the results of that test must be reported to the commissioner and to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of impaired driving offenses for the jurisdiction in which the acts occurred, if the test results indicate:

(1) an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

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(2) an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more, if the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle at the time of the violation; or

(3) the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.

(b) If a person submits to a test and the test results indicate the presence of <u>a hazardous an</u> <u>intoxicating</u> substance, the results of that test must be reported to the authority having responsibility for prosecution of impaired driving offenses for the jurisdiction in which the acts occurred.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.76, is amended to read:

169A.76 CIVIL ACTION; PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

(a) In a civil action involving a motor vehicle accident, it is sufficient for the trier of fact to consider an award of punitive damages if there is evidence that the accident was caused by a driver:

(1) with an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

(2) who was under the influence of a controlled substance;

(3) who was under the influence of alcohol and refused to take a test required under section 169A.51 (chemical tests for intoxication); or

(4) who was knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that substantially affects the person's nervous system, brain, or muscles so as to impair the person's ability to drive or operate a motor vehicle and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment.

(b) A criminal charge or conviction is not a prerequisite to consideration of punitive damages under this section. At the trial in an action where the trier of fact will consider an award of punitive damages, evidence that the driver has been convicted of violating section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury) is admissible into evidence.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to acts committed on or after that date.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. As used in this section and section 360.0753:

(1) "operate" includes the acts of all crew members with responsibility to operate the aircraft;

(2) "controlled substance" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 4; and

(3) "hazardous substance" means any chemical or chemical compound that is listed as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under chapter 182 "intoxicating substance" has the meaning given in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Crime; acts prohibited.** (a) It is a crime for any person to operate or attempt to operate an aircraft on or over land or water within this state or over any boundary water of this state under any of the following conditions:

(1) when the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(2) when the person is under the influence of a controlled substance;

(3) when the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1), (2), and (6);

(4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more;

(5) when the person's alcohol concentration as measured within two hours of the time of operation or attempted operation is 0.04 or more;

(6) when the person is knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to substantially impair the person's ability to operate the aircraft and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(7) when the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols; or

(8) within eight hours of having consumed any alcoholic beverage or used any controlled substance.

(b) If proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of paragraph (a), clause (7), that the defendant used the controlled substance according to the terms of a prescription issued for the defendant in accordance with sections 152.11 and 152.12.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Evidence.** Upon the trial of any prosecution arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person arrested for operating or attempting to operate an aircraft in violation of subdivision 2, the court may admit evidence of the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or <u>hazardous_intoxicating</u> substances in the person's blood, breath, or urine as shown by an analysis of those items.

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Evidence of the refusal to take a test is admissible into evidence in a prosecution under this section.

If proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of subdivision 2, clause (5), that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after the time of the violation and before the administration of the evidentiary test to cause the defendant's alcohol concentration to exceed 0.04; provided, that this evidence may not be admitted unless notice is given to the prosecution prior to the omnibus or pretrial hearing in the matter.

The foregoing provisions do not limit the introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the question whether or not the person violated this section, including tests obtained more than two hours after the alleged violation and results obtained from partial tests on an infrared breath-testing instrument. A result from a partial test is the measurement obtained by analyzing one adequate breath sample, as defined in section 360.0753, subdivision 4, paragraph (b).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0752, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Preliminary screening test.** When a peace officer has reason to believe that a person may be violating or has violated subdivision 2, the officer may require the person to provide a sample of the person's breath for a preliminary screening test using a device approved by the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner of transportation for this purpose. The results of this preliminary screening test shall be used for the purpose of deciding whether to require the tests authorized in section 360.0753, but shall not be used in any court action except to prove that a test was properly required of a person pursuant to section 360.0753. Following the screening test, additional tests may be required of the person pursuant to the provisions of section 360.0753.

A person who refuses to furnish a sample of the person's breath is subject to the provisions of section 360.0753 unless, in compliance with section 360.0753, the person submits to a blood, breath, or urine test to determine the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 360.0753, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Implied consent; conditions; election of test.** (a) Any person who operates or attempts to operate an aircraft in or over this state or over any boundary water of this state consents, subject to the provisions of this section and section 360.0752, to a chemical test of that person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or <u>hazardous_intoxicating</u> substances. The test shall be administered at the direction of a peace officer.

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(b) A test of the person's breath may be required when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was operating or attempting to operate an aircraft in violation of section 360.0752 and one of the following conditions exists:

(1) the person has been lawfully placed under arrest for violation of section 360.0752;

(2) the person has been involved in an aircraft accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death;

(3) the person has refused to take the screening test provided for by section 360.0752;

(4) the screening test was administered and recorded an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more or the presence of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols; or

(5) the officer had probable cause to believe that the person was operating or attempting to operate an aircraft with any amount of alcohol present in the person's body.

(c) A test of the person's blood or urine may be required by an officer under the conditions described in paragraph (b) if the officer is acting pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18.

(d) At the time a test is requested, the person shall be informed:

(1) that Minnesota law requires the person to take a test to determine the presence or amount of alcohol or a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, or to determine if the person is under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or hazardous intoxicating substances;

(2) that whether a test is taken or refused, the person may be subject to criminal prosecution for an alcohol, controlled substance, or <u>hazardous intoxicating</u> substance-related offense relating to the operation of an aircraft;

(3) that if testing is refused, the person may be subject to criminal prosecution because the person refused testing and the person will be disqualified from operating an aircraft for a minimum period of one year;

(4) if the peace officer has probable cause to believe the person has violated the criminal vehicular homicide and injury laws, that pursuant to a search warrant a test will be taken with or without the person's consent; and

(5) that, in the case of a breath test, the person has the right to consult with an attorney, but that this right is limited to the extent that it cannot unreasonably delay administration of the test.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 360.0753, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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Subd. 3. **Type of test.** (a) A peace officer who directs a test pursuant to this section may direct a breath test.

(b) A peace officer, acting pursuant to a search warrant, may direct a blood or urine test as provided in the warrant. If the warrant authorizes either a blood or urine test, the officer may direct whether the test is of blood or urine. If the person to whom the test is directed objects to the test, the officer shall offer the person an alternative test of either blood or urine.

(c) A blood or urine test may be required pursuant to a search warrant even after a breath test has been administered if there is probable cause to believe that: (1) there is impairment by a controlled substance or <u>hazardous an intoxicating</u> substance that is not subject to testing by a breath test; or (2) a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body.

(d) Action under this section may be taken against a person who refuses to take a blood test only if an alternative test was offered and action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a urine test only if an alternative test was offered.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 360.0753, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Manner of making test; additional test.** (a) Only a physician, medical technician, physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, registered nurse, medical technologist, or laboratory assistant acting at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the presence or amount of alcohol, controlled substances, or <u>hazardous intoxicating</u> substances. This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine sample. The person tested has the right to have someone of the person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a peace officer; provided, that the additional test sample on behalf of the person is obtained at the place where the person is in custody, after the test administered at the direction of a peace officer, and at no expense to the state.

(b) The failure or inability to obtain an additional test or tests by a person shall not preclude the admission in evidence of the test taken at the direction of a peace officer unless the additional test was prevented or denied by the peace officer.

(c) The physician, medical technician, physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, medical technologist, laboratory assistant, or registered nurse drawing blood at the request of a peace officer for the purpose of determining the presence or concentration of alcohol, controlled substances, or <u>hazardous</u> intoxicating substances shall in no manner be liable in any civil or criminal action except for negligence in drawing the blood. The person administering a breath test shall be fully trained in the administration of breath tests pursuant to training given by the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner of transportation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to acts committed on or after that date.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2111, is amended to read:

609.2111 DEFINITIONS.

(a) For purposes of sections 609.2111 to 609.2114, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

(b) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 609.52, subdivision 1, and includes attached trailers.

(c) "Controlled substance" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 4.

(d) "Hazardous substance" means any chemical or chemical compound that is listed as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under chapter 182 "Intoxicating substance" has the meaning given in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a.

(e) "Qualified prior driving offense" includes a prior conviction:

(1) for a violation of section 169A.20 under the circumstances described in section 169A.24 or 169A.25;

(2) under section 609.2112, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); 609.2113, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); 2, clauses (2) to (6); or 3, clauses (2) to (6); or 609.2114, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); or 2, clauses (2) to (6);

(3) under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); or

(4) under Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, subdivision 1, clauses (2) to (6); 2, clauses (2) to (6); 2a, clauses (2) to (6); 2b, clauses (2) to (6); 3, clauses (2) to (6); or 4, clauses (2) to (6).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2112, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Criminal vehicular homicide.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person is guilty of criminal vehicular homicide and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if the person causes the death of a human being not constituting murder or manslaughter as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

(1) in a grossly negligent manner;

(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

(i) alcohol;

(ii) a controlled substance; or

(iii) any combination of those elements;

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

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(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;

(5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;

(7) where the driver who causes the collision leaves the scene of the collision in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or

(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the death was caused by the defective maintenance.

(b) If a person is sentenced under paragraph (a) for a violation under paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (6), occurring within ten years of a qualified prior driving offense, the statutory maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2113, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Great bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in great bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes great bodily harm to another not constituting attempted murder or assault as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

(1) in a grossly negligent manner;

(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

(i) alcohol;

(ii) a controlled substance; or

(iii) any combination of those elements;

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;

(5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;

(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or

(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2113, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Substantial bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in substantial bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes substantial bodily harm to another as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

(1) in a grossly negligent manner;

(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

(i) alcohol;

(ii) a controlled substance; or

(iii) any combination of those elements;

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;

(5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;

(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or

(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

[100TH DAY

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2113, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the person causes bodily harm to another as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

(1) in a grossly negligent manner;

(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

(i) alcohol;

(ii) a controlled substance; or

(iii) any combination of those elements;

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;

(5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;

(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or

(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2114, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Death to an unborn child.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in death to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if the person causes the death of an unborn child as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

(1) in a grossly negligent manner;

(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

(i) alcohol;

(ii) a controlled substance; or

(iii) any combination of those elements;

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;

(5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;

(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or

(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

(b) If a person is sentenced under paragraph (a) for a violation under paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (6), occurring within ten years of a qualified prior driving offense, the statutory maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.2114, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Injury to an unborn child.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in injury to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes the great bodily harm to an unborn child subsequently born alive as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

(1) in a grossly negligent manner;

(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

(i) alcohol;

(ii) a controlled substance; or

(iii) any combination of those elements;

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;

(5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous an intoxicating substance and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body;

(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or

(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 624.7142, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Acts prohibited. A person may not carry a pistol on or about the person's clothes or person in a public place:

(1) when the person is under the influence of a controlled substance, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4;

(2) when the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements named in clauses (1) and (4);

(3) when the person is knowingly under the influence of any chemical compound or combination of chemical compounds that is listed as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under section 182.655 and that affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of the person so as to impair the person's clearness of intellect or physical control an intoxicating substance as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 11a, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause impairment;

(4) when the person is under the influence of alcohol;

(5) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.10 or more; or

(6) when the person's alcohol concentration is less than 0.10, but more than 0.04.

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public safety; modifying the schedules of controlled substances; providing penalties for sale or possession of kratom; modifying DWI law by including other types of intoxicating substances and striking references to hazardous substances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 97B.065, subdivision 1; 152.02, subdivision 5; 152.027, by adding a subdivision; 169A.03, by adding a subdivision; 169A.20, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 1c; 169A.45, subdivision 1; 169A.51, subdivisions 1, 7; 169A.52, subdivision 2; 169A.76; 360.0752, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 7; 360.0753, subdivision 6; 609.2111; 609.2112, subdivision 1; 609.2113, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 609.2114, subdivisions 1, 2; 624.7142, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 152.02, subdivision 2; 169A.51, subdivision 4; 360.0753, subdivisions 2, 3; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 169A.03, subdivision 9."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: Paul Anderson, Warren Limmer

House Conferees: Keith Franke, Anna Wills, Debra Hilstrom

Senator Anderson, P. moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on S.F. No. 2578 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

Senator Latz moved that the recommendations and Conference Committee Report on S.F. No. 2578 be rejected and that the bill be re-referred to the Conference Committee as formerly constituted for further consideration.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Latz motion.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 33 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, B. Bakk Bigham Carlson Champion Cohen	Dibble Dziedzic Eaton Eken Franzen Frentz	Hayden Hoffman Isaacson Kent Klein Laine	Little Lourey Marty Newton Pappas Rest	Sparks Tomassoni Torres Ray Wiger Wiklund
Cohen	Frentz	Laine	Rest	
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Latz	Simonson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler Anderson, P. Benson Chamberlain Clausen Debmes	Eichorn Fischbach Gazelka Goggin Hall Haughay	Jasinski Jensen Johnson Kiffmeyer Koran	Mathews Miller Nelson Newman Osmek Partt	Rosen Ruud Senjem Utke Weber Wastroom
Dahms	Housley	Lang	Pratt	Westrom
Draheim	Ingebrigtsen	Limmer	Relph	

Westrom

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Anderson, P. motion. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

S.F. No. 2578 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 47 and nays 20, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Hawi

Abeler Anderson, B. Anderson, P. Benson Bigham Chamberlain Clausen Cwodzinski Dahms Draheim Those who vot	Eaton Eichorn Eken Fischbach Frentz Gazelka Goggin Hall Hoffman Housley	Ingebrigtsen Jasinski Jensen Johnson Kiffmeyer Klein Koran Lang Limmer Little	Mathews Miller Nelson Newman Newton Osmek Pratt Relph Rosen Ruud	Senjem Simonson Sparks Utke Weber Wiger Wiklund
Bakk	Dibble	Hayden	Latz	Rest
Carlson	Dziedzic	Isaacson	Lourey	Tomassoni
Champion	Franzen	Kent	Marty	Torres Ray
Champion	Franzen	Kent	Marty	Torres Ray

Laine

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

Pappas

RECESS

Senator Gazelka moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

APPOINTMENTS

Senator Gazelka from the Subcommittee on Conference Committees recommends that the following Senators be and they hereby are appointed as a Conference Committee on:

H.F. No. 3422: Senators Ingebrigtsen, Eichorn, Utke, Tomassoni, and Bakk.

Senator Gazelka moved that the foregoing appointments be approved. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

Senator Gazelka moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

Cohen

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senators Anderson, P.; Hayden; Marty; Pappas; Pratt; Rest; Rosen; Sparks; Tomassoni; and Torres Ray were excused from the Session of today from 10:15 to 10:30 a.m. Senator Abeler was excused from the Session of today from 10:15 to 10:30 a.m. and from 2:45 to 2:50 p.m. Senator Bakk was excused from the Session of today from 10:15 to 10:30 a.m. and from 2:45 to 3:45 p.m. Senator Nelson was excused from the Session of today from 10:15 to 10:30 a.m. and from 3:25 to 3:40 p.m. Senator Carlson was excused from the Session of today from the Session of today from 2:45 to 2:50 p.m. Senators Jensen and Senjem were excused from the Session of today from 2:45 to 3:05 p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

Senator Miller moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 1:00 p.m., Saturday, May 19, 2018. The motion prevailed.

Cal R. Ludeman, Secretary of the Senate